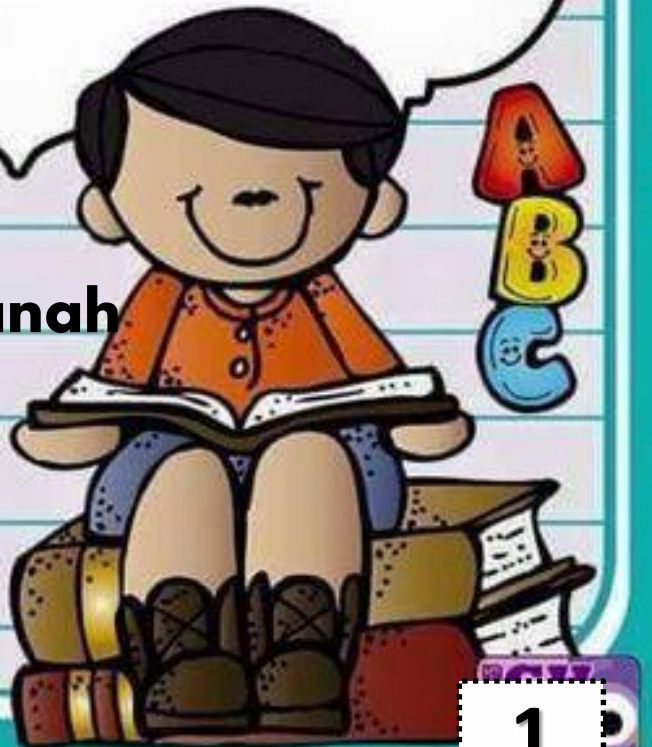


Revision Grade 3 Semester 1

Mis. Shamsa Al Ghanah



Write the words

Write the words

➤ Read the sentences and match:

1- I like to read a story.

2- The books are in the bookcase.

3- There are many pages in the books.

4- I like to use tablet.

5- It's Tariq back pack.

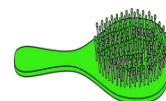
6- She has got a hairbrush.

7- He has got a jumper.

8- he is very tall.

9- He is grumpy.













10- He is lazy.







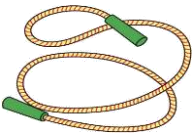



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➤ Complete the missing letters:

E - e - e -		T - e l - -	
- h i - - - - n		F - - r t - - n	
F - f t e - -		B e - i n - i n -	
M - d - - e		E - -	
w - - e		C - - t - - t	
F - - t - - -		C - - b - - r d	

➤ Complete the sentences by writing the missing words.

<u>1</u>	Books can be fiction and -----	
<u>2</u>	Fiction books have -----	
<u>3</u>	----- the person who wrote the book.	
<u>4</u>	She has ----- a camera.	
<u>5</u>	She plays with the -----	
<u>6</u>	Hamad has got a -----	
<u>7</u>	The character of the story is -----	
<u>8</u>	He is ----- boy.	

1- There is/ There are: الجمع/ المفرد

- There is one book.
- There are two books.

2- Genitive 's

- الدلالة: عندما نرى هذه الفاصلة تدل على ملكية الشيء
- كيفية كتابتها: نكتب أولاً الاسم ثم الفاصلة يليها الشيء الملك

مثال:

Hamdan's book

كتاب حمدان

3- A/ an

- تستخدم an للمفرد الذي تبدأ كلمته بإحد هذه الحروف الخمسة:

l o u a e

an apple- an orange- an old man

4- Possession

- هذه القاعدة تدل على الملكية:
➤ للسؤال عن ملكية الحقيقة مثلاً نستخدم هذا السؤال:
It is your backpack?

ولكن من خلال هذه القاعدة possession نستطيع الاختصار بالتالي:
Is it your backpack? = Is it yours?

- للإجابة عن ملكية الحقيقة:
Yes, it's my backpack.

للاختصار:
Yes, it's my backpack. = yes, it's mine.

- للسؤال عن أي حقيقة من مجموعة من الحقائق:
Which backpack?

للاختصار: Which backpack? = which one?

للإجابة: The red backpack. = The red one.

5- has/ have

She
He
It

has

I
they
you

have

➤ Examples:

- She has got a hair brush.
- I have got a pencil.

ممکن أن تختصر كالتالي:

She's got- he's got- I've got

6- how often?

نستخدم هذه الكلمات للدلالة على عدد مرات تكرار الظرف او الفعل. هناك أربع كلمات سيتم إدراجهم من الأكثر استخداما إلى الأقل:

- Always 
- Usually 
- Sometimes 
- Never 

➤ Examples:


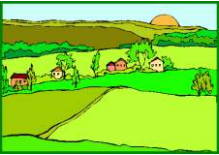























- I always brush my teeth.
- I usually read a book.

➤ **Circle the correct answers:**





















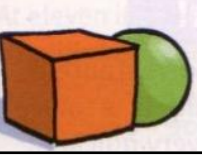


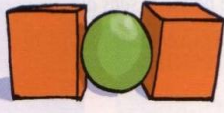
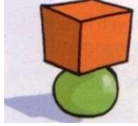
- 1- There 3 books.
a) is
b) are
- 2- There an apple.
a) is
b) are
- 3- This is book.
a) Ahmeds
b) Ahmed's
- 4- This is Boy
a) a
b) an
- 5- Is it yours? Yes, it is
a) mine
b) yours
- 6- There 5 towns.
a) is
b) are
- 7- There a bookcase.
a) is
b) are
- 8- This is book.
a) salem's
b) salems'
- 9- I ☆☆☆☆☆ Do my homework.
a) always
b) sometimes

- 10- I ☆☆☆ Read a book.
a) usually
b) sometimes
- 11- I ☆☆☆☆ Read a book.
a) usually
b) sometimes
- 12- She got a blue camera.
a) has
b) have
- 13- I got a yellow pencil.
a) has
b) have
- 14- He got a green hairbrush.
a) has
b) have
- 15- Fatima got a purple backpack.
a) has
b) have
- 16- I Got a black cupboard.
a) has
b) have
- 17- Saeed got five books.
a) has
b) have

Word list- unit2

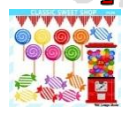
				
				
				
				
				

Word list- unit 2













				
				
				
				
				

➤ Read the sentences and match:









- 1- I live in a city.
- 2- A nurse is helping an old woman.
- 3- Two people are crossing a street.
- 4- I work in the first floor.
- 5- I paint a pictures.
- 6- He catches the bus.
- 7- He rushes out of his house.
- 8- The sweet shop is next to the toy shop.
- 9- The school is on the left.
- 10- The house is on the right.



➤ Complete the missing letters:

U - - - e		A - - -	
Ap - - - - nt		- r - t - r	
F - re a - - - -		F - - - f - - - - -	
Fire e - - - - -		B - - e -	
R - - h -		L - - -	
Clo - - - - d - - - g - - -		S - - -	

➤ Complete the sentences by writing the missing words.:

<p><u>1</u></p>	<p>I live on the -----</p>	
<p><u>2</u></p>	<p>There are ---- people in my neighbour hood.</p>	
<p><u>3</u></p>	<p>I drive a taxi. I am a -----</p>	
<p><u>4</u></p>	<p>The ----- cleans windows.</p>	
<p><u>5</u></p>	<p>Tuesday is the ----- day.</p>	
<p><u>6</u></p>	<p>I have one -----.</p>	
<p><u>7</u></p>	<p>I am a ----- . I clean street.</p>	
<p><u>8</u></p>	<p>The firefighter wears a -----</p>	

1- singular / plural الجمع- المفرد

هناك حالات مختلفة للجمع:

1- يضاف s في نهاية الكلمة مثل books- pencils- tablets

2- إذا انتهت الكلمة ب ies نحذفها ونستبدلها ب

مثال:

(city- cities) (country- countries)

3- كل قاعدة شواذ.. في كلمات لا تقبل إضافة s أو غيرها تتغير معظم

حروفها .. يرجى التركيز على هذه الكلمات:

(man- men) (woman- women) (child- children)

(person- People)

2- present tense المضارع البسيط

1. الفعل في حالة الزمن البسيط يأتي بعد الاسم | خالي من أي إضافة ما بعد

الاسمين she/he يلحق الفعل ب s

مثال:

I eat apple.

She eats apple.

He eats apple.

مهم جدا جدا

إذا انتهى الفعل ب sh / ch يجب إضافة es

مثال:

I brush my teeth.

She brushes teeth.

He brushes teeth.

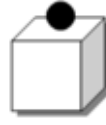
3- preposition: ظرف المكان



under



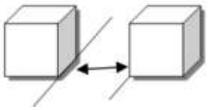
inside



on



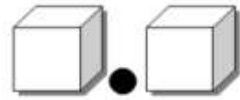
behind



opposite



Next to



between

4- on the right / on the left

قبل وصف الجهات يجب وضع كلمة on ➤

- They are on the left.
- She is on the right.



➤ Circle the correct answers:

- 1- There are 5
a) tablet
b) tablets
- 2- There are many
a) child
b) children
- 3- I saw six in the shop.
a) man
b) men
- 4- There are seven in the UAE.
a) city
b) cities
- 5- There are in the town.
a) person
b) people
- 6- I bought ten
a) Book
b) books
- 7- I my breakfast.
a. eat
b. eats

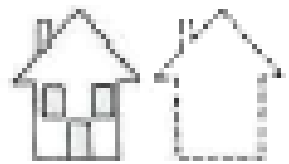
8- He TV.
 a. watchs
 b. watches

9- Fatima food.
 a. cook
 b. cooks

10- Ali Out of his house.
 a. rush
 b. rushes

11- I a bus to the fire station.
 a. catch
 b. catches

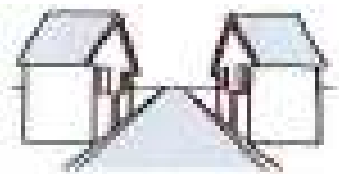
12- It is the bookshop and the sweet shop.
 a) on
 b)next to
 c)between



13- It is the sports shop.
 a) between
 b) next to
 c) opposite



14- It is the computer shop.
 a) behind
 b) inside
 c) opposite



Word list- unit 3

Unit 3

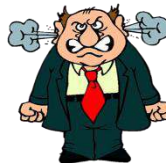
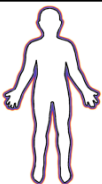
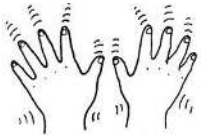
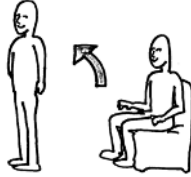
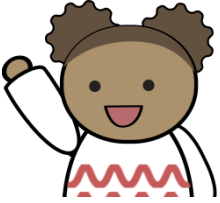
16

17

18

19

20







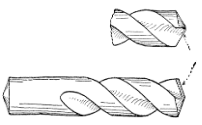





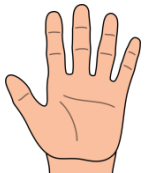
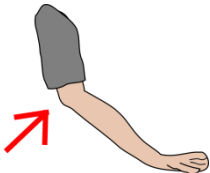








Mis. Shamsa Al Ghanah

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Word list- unit 3

Unit 3

➤ Read the sentences and match:

Unit 3



1- I wave with my hands.



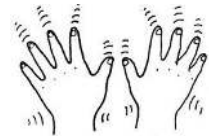
2- She hops on her foot.



3- Most birds build nests.



4- I feel hungry today.



5- He is tired.

6- I like shopping.



7- I don't like riding a bike.

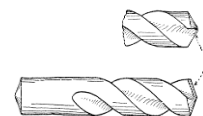


8- Can you twist slowly?

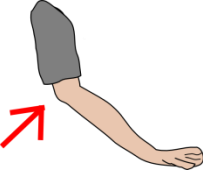











9- Ahmed likes swimming.



10- I can wiggle with my fingers











➤ Complete the missing letters:

E - - - -		T - - - - -	
F - - p		- L - -	
N - -		- - p	
T - - - -		Cr - - -	
S - - -		F - - l	
c - -		p - - - l - -	

➤ Complete the sentences by writing the missing words

Unit 3

<u>1</u>	I clap with my -----	
<u>2</u>	----- don't build nests.	
<u>3</u>	----- can't fly.	
<u>4</u>	----- can swim and fly.	
<u>5</u>	Ali feels -----.	
<u>6</u>	Omar is -----	
<u>7</u>	The robot can -----	
<u>8</u>	A robot can -----	

للتذكير بقواعد الوحدة الثالثة

1- **can / can't** يستطيع / لا يستطيع

➤ **Examples:**

- Penguin can swim
- Ostrich can't fly

2- **but** لكن / **and** و / **or** أو

➤ **Examples:**

- Penguin can swim, but it can't fly.
- I like shopping and skipping.
- I don't like riding bike or watching TV.

3- **All** الكل / **most** معظم / **some** قليل

➤ **Examples:**

- All birds have feathers
- Most birds can fly
- Some birds can swim

4- **like**

إذا كانت هناك كلمة **like** في الجملة أو السؤال يجب إضافة **ing** للكلمة التي تليها مثال:

I like watching TV.

Do you like swimming?

5- present continuous المضارع المستمر

I + am + (verb+ing) = I am clapping

She\He\It + is+ (verb+ing) =

She\He\It is eating

They\We\You + are + (verb+ing) =

They\We\You are cutting

مهم جدا:

1 إذا كان الحرف الاخير هو حرف e الصامته ، فعلينا حذفه

و اضافة الing

Wave = waving

2 إذا كان الحرف ما قبل الاخير

من حروف العلة فإن علينا مضاعفة الحرف الاخير عن تحويله للفعل المستمر

Swim = swimming

6- comparative المقارنه بين شيئين

إذا قارنا بين شيئين يجب إضافة er للفعل وتليه كلمه than

- The rabbit is faster than the turtle.
- The robot is stronger than the man.

7- superlative المقارنة بين عدة أشياء

إذا تمت المقارنة بين عدة أشياء يجب إضافة est للفعل و تليه كلمة the

- A hummingbird has the smallest egg.
- An ostrich has *the biggest* egg.

➤ Circle the correct answers:

1- I like a bike.

- a) ride
- b) riding

2- Do you like Ice cream? .

- a) eating
- b) eat

3- birds lay eggs.

- a) all
- b) some

4- birds can swim.

- a) most
- b) some

5- Penguin swim.

- a) can
- b) can't

6- I driving a car .






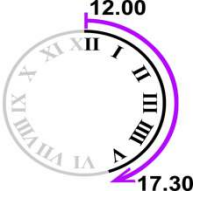






- a) am
- b) is






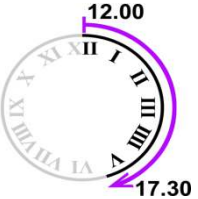






7- Ali playing football.

- a. is
- b. are

- 8- The rabbit is Than the turtle.
a. fast
b. faster
- 9- Ostrich is the
a. faster
b. fastest
- 10- the lion is the animals.
a. strongest
b. stronger
- 11- I like shopping, I don't like watching TV.
a. and
b. but
- 12- I like rope.
a) skip
b) skipping
- 13- He is the
a) taller
b) tallest
- 14- Rasher is fatter Mohammed.
a) than
b) the

Word list- unit 4

			
S - -	- U -	C l - - d	S - adow
			
L - n -	Mo - n - n -	Aft-rn-n	Ni - - t
			
Ra - - y	S - - r	Su - - y	C - - - dy

1- in / at

in قبل كلمتي morning / afternoon يجب وضع
at قبل كلمة night يجب وضع

➤ Circle the correct answers:

1- I get up early The morning

- a. in
- b. at

2- I play foot ball The afternoon.

- a. in
- b. at

3- I see short shadow Midday.

- a. in
- b. at

2- Today is/ yesterday was

- في المضارع نستخدم is مثال today is
- في الماضي نستخدم was مثال yesterday was

➤ Circle the correct answers:

1- yesterday Sunny.

- a. is
- b. was

2- Today Cloudy.

- a. is
- b. was